

N5 Unit 4 Solutions

Surds and Indices

$$Q1 \quad 8^{\frac{5}{3}}$$

$$= (\sqrt[3]{8})^5$$

$$= 2^5$$

$$= \underline{\underline{32}}$$

$$Q2 \quad \frac{n^5 \times 10n}{2n^2}$$

$$= \frac{10n^6}{2n^2}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{5n^4}}$$

$$Q3 \quad 2a \times a^{-4}$$

$$= 2a^{-3}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{\frac{2}{a^3}}}$$

$$Q4 \quad x^{\frac{1}{2}} (x^{-\frac{3}{2}} + x^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

$$= x^{-\frac{2}{2}} + x^0$$

$$= x^{-1} + x^0$$

$$= \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{x} + 1}}$$

$$(b) \quad \frac{1}{6} + 1$$

$$= \underline{\underline{\frac{7}{6}}}$$

$$Q5 \quad x^{\frac{1}{2}} (3x + x^{-2})$$

$$= 3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + x^{-\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{3\sqrt{x^3} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3}}}}$$

$$Q6 \quad 2^0 + 3^{-1}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

$$Q7 \quad \sqrt{40} + 4\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{90}$$

$$= \sqrt{4}\sqrt{10} + 4\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{9}\sqrt{10}$$

$$= 2\sqrt{10} + 4\sqrt{10} + 3\sqrt{10}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{9\sqrt{10}}}$$

$$Q8 (a) \quad \sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{18}$$

$$= \sqrt{36}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{6}}$$

$$(b) \quad \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{18}$$

$$= \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{9}\sqrt{2}$$

$$= \sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{2}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{4\sqrt{2}}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Q9} \quad & 2\sqrt{75} \\
 &= 2 \times \sqrt{25} \sqrt{3} \\
 &= 2 \times 5\sqrt{3} \\
 &= \underline{\underline{10\sqrt{3}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Q10} \quad & \frac{4}{\sqrt{8}} \\
 &= \frac{4}{2\sqrt{2}} \\
 &= \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \\
 &= \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2} \\
 &= \underline{\underline{\sqrt{2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \sqrt{8} \\
 &= \sqrt{4} \sqrt{2} \\
 &= 2\sqrt{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Q11} \quad & \frac{4}{\sqrt{6}} \\
 &= \frac{4\sqrt{6}}{6} \\
 &= \underline{\underline{\frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Algebraic Fractions

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{(x+4)^2}{x^2 - x - 20}$$

$$= \frac{(x+4)(x+4)}{(x+4)(x-5)}$$

$$= \frac{x+4}{x-5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{1}{p} + \frac{2}{(p+5)}$$

$$= \frac{p+5 + 2p}{p(p+5)}$$

$$= \frac{3p+5}{p(p+5)}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \frac{4}{(x+2)} - \frac{3}{(x-4)}$$

$$= \frac{4(x-4) - 3(x+2)}{(x+2)(x-4)}$$

$$= \frac{4x - 16 - 3x - 6}{(x+2)(x-4)}$$

$$= \frac{x - 22}{(x+2)(x-4)}$$

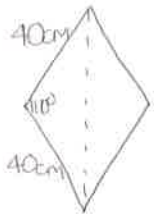
$$\textcircled{4} \quad \frac{5t}{s} \div \frac{t}{2s^2}$$

$$= \frac{5\cancel{t}}{s} \times \frac{2s^2}{\cancel{t}}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{10s}}$$

Trigonometry

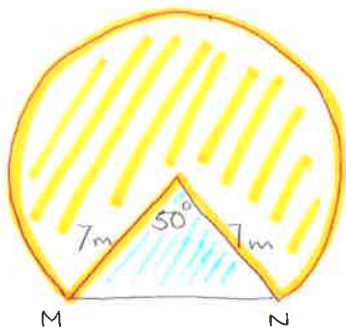
Q1



$$\begin{aligned}\text{Area} &= \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times 40 \times 40 \times \sin 110 \\ &= 751.754 \dots\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Area of paving stone} &= 751.754 \times 2 \\ &= 1503.508 \\ &= \underline{\underline{1503.51 \text{ cm}^2}}\end{aligned}$$

Q2

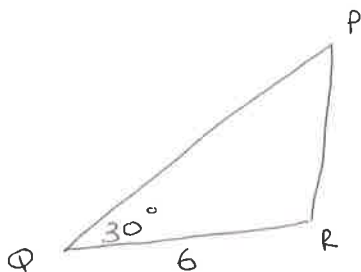


$$\begin{aligned}\text{Area of Sector} &= \frac{310}{360} \times \pi r^2 \\ &= \frac{310}{360} \times \pi \times 7^2 \\ &= 132.557 \dots\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Area of Triangle} &= \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times 7 \times 7 \times \sin 50 \\ &= 18.768 \dots\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Total Area} &= 132.557 + 18.768 \\ &= \underline{\underline{151.325 \text{ m}^2}}\end{aligned}$$

Q3



$$\text{Area} = 15 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Area} &= \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C \\ 15 &= \frac{1}{2} \times a \times 6 \times \sin 30 \\ 15 &= 1.5 \times a \\ a &= \underline{\underline{10 \text{ cm}}}\end{aligned}$$

i.e. the length of PQ is 10 cm.

Q4



$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \sin C$$

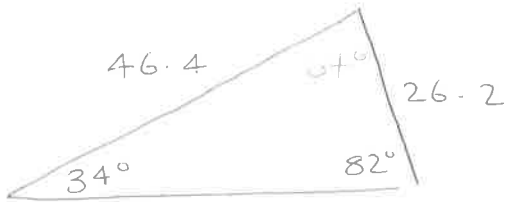
$$= 1.35^2 + 1.2^2 - (2 \times 1.35 \times 1.2 \times \sin 35)$$

$$= 1.404 \dots$$

$$(\sqrt{}) \quad c = 1.1849 \dots$$

$$= \underline{\underline{1.18 \text{ km}}}$$

Q5



$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

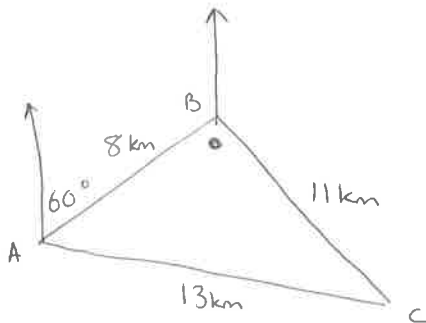
$$= 46.4^2 + 26.2^2 - (2 \times 46.4 \times 26.2 \times \cos 64)$$

$$= 1773.561 \dots$$

$$(\sqrt{}) \quad a = 42.113 \dots$$

$$= \underline{\underline{42.11 \text{ m}}}$$

Q6



$$\cos B = \frac{a^2 + c^2 - b^2}{2ac}$$

$$= \frac{11^2 + 8^2 - 13^2}{2(11)(8)}$$

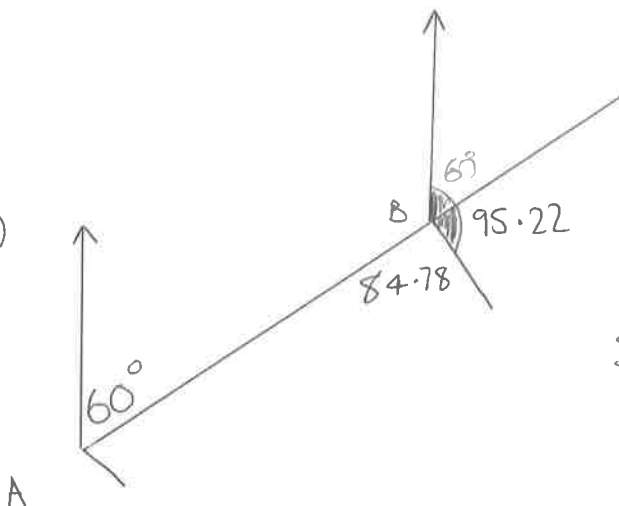
$$= 0.090 \dots$$

$$B = \cos^{-1}(0.090 \dots)$$

$$= 84.784 \dots$$

$$= \underline{\underline{84.78^\circ}}$$

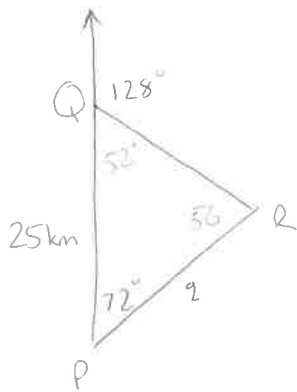
(b)



Size of shaded angle is

$$60 + 95.22 = \underline{\underline{155.22^\circ}}$$

Q7



$$\frac{x}{\sin R} = \frac{25}{\sin Q}$$

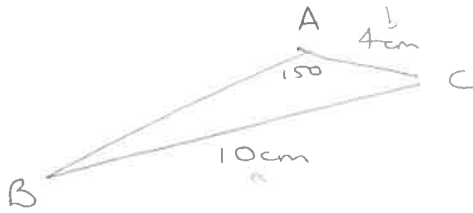
$$\frac{x}{\sin 52} = \frac{25}{\sin 128}$$

$$x = \frac{25 \sin 128}{\sin 52}$$

$$= 23.762 \dots$$

$$= \underline{\underline{23.76 \text{ km}}}$$

Q8



$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B}$$

$$\frac{10}{\sin 150} = \frac{4}{\sin B}$$

$$\frac{\sin 150}{10} = \frac{\sin B}{4}$$

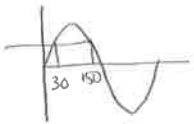
$$\sin B = \frac{4 \sin 150}{10}$$

$$\sin B = \frac{4 \times \frac{1}{2}}{10}$$

$$= \frac{2}{10}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{5}}} \text{ as required}$$

∴ $\sin 30 = \sin 150 = \frac{1}{2}$



Vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Q1} \quad |\underline{u}| &= \sqrt{6^2 + 13^2 + 18^2} \\ &= \underline{\underline{23}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Q2} \quad \underline{p} &= \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \underline{q} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \\ \underline{p} + \underline{q} &= \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \underline{\underline{\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Q3} \quad 2\underline{u} - \underline{v} &= \\ &= 2 \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -4 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 6 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -4 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \underline{\underline{\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 10 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Q4} \quad \underline{b} &= \underline{\underline{(8, 4, 10)}} \\ \underline{c} &= \underline{\underline{(4, 0, 10)}}\end{aligned}$$