

## N5 Unit 1 Solutions

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Q1 Multiplier =  $100\% + 4\% = 104\% = 1.04$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Vehicles} &= 2.69 \times 1.04^3 \\ &= 3.025\dots \\ &= \underline{\underline{3.03 \text{ million}}} \end{aligned}$$

Q2 Multiplier =  $100\% - 20\% = 80\% = 0.8$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Fat content} &= 90 \times 0.8^3 \\ &= \underline{\underline{46.08 \text{ g}}} \end{aligned}$$

The company will not achieve their aim as  $46.08 > 45 \text{ g}$

Q3 Multiplier =  $100\% - 20\% = 80\% = 0.8$

$$\text{Year 2} = 750000 \times 0.8^2 = 480000$$

$$\text{Year 3} = 750000 \times 0.8^3 = 384000$$

$$\text{Year 4} = 750000 \times 0.8^4 = 307200$$

The machinery should be replaced after 4 years since  $\$307200 < \$375000$ .

Q4 Multiplier = 0.72

$$72\% = 1296$$

$$\text{Total people who sat test} = 1296 \div 0.72 = 1800$$

$$\text{The number of people who failed was } 1800 - 1296 = \underline{\underline{504}}$$

Q5 Multiplier =  $100\% - 16\% = 84\% = 0.84$

$$84\% = \$3780$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Value last year} &= 3780 \div 0.84 \\ &= \underline{\underline{\$4500}} \end{aligned}$$

## Pythagoras

Q1 By Pythagoras

$$a^2 = c^2 - b^2$$

$$= 19^2 - 18.2^2$$

$$= 29.76$$

$$(n) \quad a = 5.455 \dots$$

$$= 5.46 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{So Circumference} = \pi \times 10.92$$

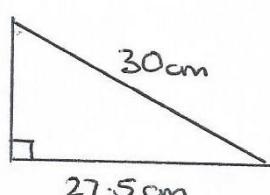
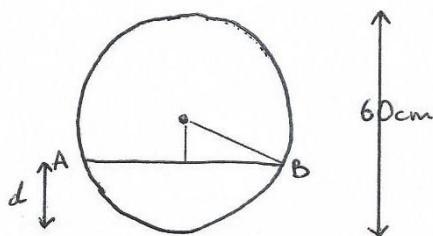
$$= 34.306 \dots$$

$$= \underline{\underline{34.31 \text{ m}}}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} Q2, & 110^2 \quad | \quad 90^2 + 60^2 \\ & 12100 \quad | \quad 8100 + 3600 \\ & 12100 \quad | \quad 11700 \end{array}$$

Since  $110^2 \neq 90^2 + 60^2$  the slab is not right angled by the Converse of Pythagoras.

Q3



By Pythagoras

$$a^2 = c^2 - b^2$$

$$= 30^2 - 27.5^2$$

$$= 143.75$$

$$(n) \quad a = 11.989 \dots$$

$$= 11.99 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Depth} = 30 - 11.99 = \underline{\underline{18.01 \text{ cm}}}$$

$$b) \quad \text{Depth} = 30 + 11.99 = \underline{\underline{41.99 \text{ cm}}}$$

## Removing Brackets

$$Q1 \quad (2x - 5)(x^2 + 3x - 7)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2x^3 + 6x^2 - 14x - 5x^2 - 15x + 35 \\ &= \underline{2x^3 + x^2 - 29x + 35} \end{aligned}$$

$$Q2 \quad (3x - 2)(2x^2 + x + 5)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 6x^3 + 3x^2 + 15x - 4x^2 - 2x - 10 \\ &= \underline{6x^3 - x^2 + 13x - 10} \end{aligned}$$

$$Q3 \quad (3x + 1)(x^2 - 5x + 4)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 3x^3 - 15x^2 + 12x + x^2 - 5x + 4 \\ &= \underline{3x^3 - 14x^2 + 7x + 4} \end{aligned}$$

$$Q4 \quad x(x-1)^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= x[(x-1)(x-1)] \\ &= x[x^2 - x - x + 1] \\ &= x[x^2 - 2x + 1] \\ &= \underline{x^3 - 2x^2 + x} \end{aligned}$$

$$Q5 \quad (2x-1)(x+4)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2x^2 + 8x - x - 4 \\ &= \underline{2x^2 + 7x - 4} \end{aligned}$$

$$Q6 \quad (2x+3)^2 - 3(x^2 - 6)$$

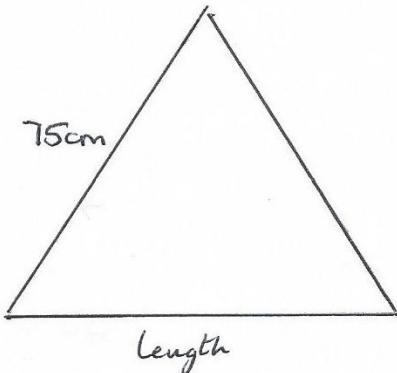
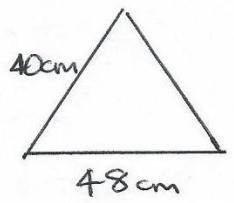
$$\begin{aligned} &= (2x+3)(2x+3) - 3(x^2 - 6) \\ &= 4x^2 + 6x + 6x + 9 - 3x^2 + 18 \\ &= \underline{x^2 + 12x + 27} \end{aligned}$$

$$Q7 \quad (x+2)(x-5) - 9x$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= x^2 - 5x + 2x - 10 - 9x \\ &= \underline{x^2 - 12x - 10} \end{aligned}$$

## Similarity

Q1/



$$\text{l.s.f (enlargement)} = \frac{75}{40}$$

$$\text{Length} = \frac{75}{40} \times 48$$

$$= 90 \quad \text{The board meets Mick's requirements since } \underline{90\text{cm} > 80\text{cm}}$$

Q2/

$$\text{l.s.f (enlargement)} = \frac{10}{4}$$

$$\text{a.s.f (enlargement)} = \left(\frac{10}{4}\right)^2$$

$$\text{Area} = \left(\frac{10}{4}\right)^2 \times 18$$

$$= \underline{112.5 \text{ cm}^2}$$

Q3/

$$\text{l.s.f (enlargement)} = \frac{9}{6}$$

$$\text{v.s.f (enlargement)} = \left(\frac{9}{6}\right)^3$$

$$\text{Volume} = \left(\frac{9}{6}\right)^3 \times 30$$

$$= \underline{101.25 \text{ ml}}$$

## Factorising

$$\text{Q1} \quad x^2 - 4y^2 \\ = (x+2y)(x-2y)$$

$$\text{Q2} \quad 4x^2 - y^2 \\ = (2x+y)(2x-y)$$

$$\text{Q3} \quad 5x^2 - 45 \\ = 5(x^2 - 9) \\ = 5(x+3)(x-3)$$

$$\text{Q4} \quad x^2 + x - 6 \quad \text{or } x^2 - 6 \\ = (x+3)(x-2) \quad + 1$$

$$\text{Q5} \quad x^2 - 10x + 18 \\ = (x-5)^2 - 5^2 + 18 \\ = (x-5)^2 - 25 + 18 \\ = (x-5)^2 - 7$$